

INTERNATIONAL AYURVEDIC MEDICAL JOURNAL







Review Article ISSN: 2320-5091 Impact Factor: 6.719

AGATHIYAR KUZHAMBU (HERBO-MINERAL SIDDHA FORMULATION)

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https://doi.org/10.46607/iamj3009042021

(Published Online: April 2021)

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Article Received: 31/03/2021 - Peer Reviewed: 02/04/2021 - Accepted for Publication: 07/04/2021



ABSTRACT

Introduction: Agathiyar kuzhambu (A.k) is a herbo-mineral siddha formulation. It is explained in the Siddha Vaithiya Thiraddu Book. In Siddha Medicine, there are 32 internal & external medicines are explained in the Siddha Literatures. Agathiyar kuzhambu is a one form of the internal medicine which is commonly used in purgation therapy. It contains 11 ingredients. Agathiyar kuzhambu has different herbo-mineral ingredients which are having wide range of therapeutic uses. It is commonly used in Siddha OPDs. **Aim:** The researcher is going to develop the documentary evidence for the effectiveness of Agathiyar kuzhambu. **Results and Discussion:** Six ingredients herbs have hot potency and Pungent efficacy. These have many pharmacological actions. Commonly, these ingredients are possessed antioxidant, anti-microbial, hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory, anti-fungal, anthelmintic, anti-diabetic and anti-hypertensive activity. In Siddha, these ingredients and 5 minerals and metals ingredients were used in many disease conditions. Lots of adjuvants of Agathiyar kuzhambu have hot potency and pungent efficacy. Some of adjuvants have cool potency and sweet efficacy. In Siddha, these adjuvants were used in many disease conditions. **Conclusion:** According to the above study, Agathiyar kuzhambu may be act as stimulant and osmotic purgative at the same time it can use as a treatment aspect of many diseases. This study gives documentary evidence of Agathiyar kuzhambu as a purgative & possess many pharmacological activities in Siddha medicine.

Keywords: Agathiyar kuzhambu, Siddha Medicine, Purgative, Croton tiglium

INTRODUCTION

Agathiyar kuzhambu (A.k) is a herbo-mineral siddha formulation. It is explained in the Siddha Vaithiya Thiraddu Book. In Siddha Medicine, there are 32 internal & external medicines are explained in the Siddha Literatures. Agathiyar kuzhambu is a one form of the internal medicine which is commonly used in purgation therapy. It contains 11 ingredients; 6 herbal ingredients: Ferula asafoetida H.Karst, Brassica nigra (L.) K.Koch, Aconitum ferox Wall. ex Ser., Trachyspermum ammi (L.) Sprague, Nigella sativa L. and Croton tiglium L. and 5 minerals and metals: Rasam (Mercury quicksilver), *Inthuppu* (Sodium chloride impura), Venkaram (Sodium biborate), Manosilai (Arsenic disulphidum bisulpuret of arsenic realgar (Red orpiment)) and Aritharam (Trisulphate of arsenic (Yellow orpiment)). It is used to treat a wide variety of diseases.

4448 diseases are mentioned in *Agasthiyar 2000, Angathipatham, Noi Naadal Noi Muthal Naadal part I* and *Theriyar vaakadam.* Diseases are classified according to anatomical structures of body parts, tri humors, clinical sign and symptoms and physical constituents. [2] According to the Siddha Medicine, methods of treatment are explained in three different kinds. They are Divine treatment, Rational treatment and Surgical treatment. Treatments are classified according to the therapy. There are Purgative therapy, Emetic therapy, Fasting therapy, Steam therapy, Oleation therapy, Physical therapy (*Thokkanam*), Solar therapy, Bloodletting therapy, Diseases curable with herbal medicines and Diseases curable with metals and mineral preparation. Purgation therapy is a base line treatment. It is given during

the month of *Aani* and *aadi* (mid-June to mid-August). The decoction, pastes, *kuzhambu* and medicated oil are preferred for purgation. ^[3]

Elimination of vitiated *Doshas* through rectum is called purgation therapy. Proper administrated purificatory drug will give clarify of the mind, strengthens sense organs, gives stability to tissues, improve digestive power, reduces aging etc...

Ingredients of Agathiyar Kuzhambu [1]

Ferula asafoetida H.Karst	5g
Brassica nigra (L.) K.Koch	5g
Purified Aconitum ferox Wall. ex Ser.	5g
Trachyspermum ammi (L.) Sprague	5g
Nigella sativa L.	5g
Purified Rasam (Mercury quicksilver)	5g
Purified Inthuppu (Sodium chloride imp	pura) 5g
Purified <i>Venkaram</i> (Sodium biborate)	5g
Purified Manosilai (Arsenic disulphidu	m bisulpuret of
arsenic realgar (Red orpiment))	5g
Purified Aritharam (Trisulphate of arse	nic (Yellow or-
piment))	5g

Preparation of Agathiyar Kuzhambu [1]

Purified Croton tiglium L.

All above crude and raw drugs were purified and finely powdered separately except *Croton tiglium* L. The quantity of each ingredients was accurately weighted and mixed and grained all together in grindstone. Weighted *Croton tiglium* L. was divided into two parts. One part was added directly, and another part was fried with castor oil, then both were grinded in grind stone. Finally, all ingredients were grained all together and preserved in the bottle.

Dosage form, vehicle and disease conditions [1]

Dosage form	Vehicle	Disease conditions	
Internal – 130 mg	Chukku (Zingiber officinale Roscoe) katkam	Fever	
	Kadukkai (Terminalia chebula Retz.) kudineer	Cough	
	Chukku (Zingiber officinale Roscoe) & Milaku (Piper	Chills with fever	
	nigrum L.) powder		
	Ghee, Buffalo milk	Bleeding piles	
	Milaku (Piper nigrum L.) powder with white onion	Anaemia, Veppup paavai, Neerampal,	
	juice	Sokai	

50g

	Honey with ginger juice	Sanni vatham		
	Decoction of Kodiveli (Plumbago zeylanica L.) root-	13 types of Sanni		
	bark, Kazharchi (Caesalpinia bonducella L.) rootbark,			
	Musumusukkai (Melothria maderaspatana			
	(L.) Cogn.) and Nochchi (Vitex negundo L.)			
	A.k gives with tender leaves of <i>Ficus benghalensis</i> L.	Infertility (Maladu)		
	grind with cow milk - 3 days / Morning			
	A.k gives with juice of barks of Eugenia jambolana	Karppa vayu, Karppa vatham		
	Lam. grind with goat milk and powder of Cuminum			
	cyminum L			
	Powder of Piper nigrum L. & Dry ginger	Soothaga vayu, Thiradchivali		
	Candy	Piramiyam, Sokam		
External				
Kanmai (Eyetex) - ½ ka-		Sanni vatham, Visangal		
duku alavu				
It is used with more precau-				
tion.				
A.k mixed with Santal		Swelling, Sanni		
wood powder, Aloe vera				
(L.) Burm.f. and curd. This				
is applied as pattu.				
A.k mixed with saliva is		Pilavai, Thodaivaalai, ariyappuch		
applied as paste		chilanthi, mulaich chilanthi.		
Fumigation	Kummaddi juice	Gunmam (Peptic ulcer)		
	Chukku (Zingiber officinale Roscoe) powder with	Vaaivu		
	Nochchi (Vitex negundo L.) juice			
	Sangan kuppi juice	Neer serippu, kalladaippu, kiranthi,		
		parangi pun,		
		Kapala vali, Pisasam, Visakkadi		

Pathiyam: Ghee, Murukkam pinchu, Vaalai pinchu, Naaraththai and Thuthuvalai. Morum sorum. [1]

Excessive Purgation: Use decoction of *Cuminum cyminum* L., and tamarind or lemon / burned *Acorus calamus* L. / Butter milk with rice.

Butter milk

One cup (245 ml) of cultured buttermilk provides the following nutrients: Calories: 98, Protein: 8 grams, Carbs: 12 grams, Fat: 3 grams, Fiber: 0 grams, Calcium: 22% of the Daily Value (DV), Sodium: 16% of the DV, Riboflavin: 29% of the DV, Vitamin B12: 22% of the DV and Pantothenic acid: 13% of the DV.

Agathiyar kuzhambu has different herbo- mineral ingredients which are having wide range of therapeutic **3.Results**

uses. It is commonly used in Siddha OPDs. So, the researcher is going to develop the documentary evidence for the A.k.

2. Material and Methods

Research Type: Literature Review

Research Design: Collection of data from the available authenticated Tamil Siddha texts and journal articles. All data (Part use, taste, potency, efficacy, phytochemical, pharmacological action, chemical constituents and medicinal uses) were collected of all ingredients of A.k and adjuvants of A.k.

Statistical analysis: Collected data were processed and statistically analysed by simple statistical method using MS. Excel 2019.

Table 1: Description of raw materials of *Agathiyar Kuzhambu* [4][5]

Botanical	Tamil	Family	Parts	ts Siddha properties		Pharmacological	Medicinal uses	
Name	Name / English Name	Name	used	Taste	Po- tency	Effi- cacy	action	
Fer- ula asa- foet- ida H.Kar st	Perumka- yam / Asafae- tida	Umbel- liferae	Gum resin	Bitter	Hot	Pungent	Stimulant, Carminative, Antispasmodic, Expectorant, Laxative, Anthelmentic, Diuretic, Aphrodisiac, Emmenagogue	It is used for Dental diseases, Thantha moolarogam, All snake poison, Kirumi, Indigestion, Vathathikkam, Uthavarththavaatham, Yoni rogam, Iruthaya vayu, 8 types of Gunmam, Uthara rogam, Karppa vippuruthi, Soolai, Iraththa kirumi, Kapha diseases and Body pain[7].
Bras- sica nigra (L.) K.Koch	Kadugu / Black Mustard Seed	Brassi- caceae	Seeds	Pun- gent	Hot	Pun- gent	Emetic, Stimu- lant, Rubefa- cient, Vesicant, Digestive, Diu- retic	It is used to treat Sinusitis, Headache due to cough, Phlegm, Indigestion, abdominal pain, Vatha thodam, Kaanak kadi, Vatha kapham, Kirakani, Tri-humors, Seetha kaduppu, Joint diseases, giddiness and hiccough.
Aconitum ferox Wall. ex Ser.	Naabi / Indian ac- onite	Ranun- cula- ceae	Dry rhi- zome	Bitter	Hot	Pun- gent	Diaphoretic, Di- uretic, Anti-peri- odic, Anodyne, Anti-diabetic, Anti-phlogistic, Antipyretic, Nar- cotic, Sedative	It is used for <i>Vatha Kaduppu</i> , Indigestion, <i>Kapha</i> diseases, <i>Kuddam</i> , Peptic ulcer and Scorpion poison.
Tra- chysper- mum am mi (L.) Sprague	Omam / The Bish- ops weed	Apiacea e		Pun- gent	Hot	Pun- gent	Stomachic, Anti- spasmodic, Car- minative, Anti- septic, Stimulant, Astringent, Tonic, Sialo- gogue	It is used for <i>Seetha suram</i> , Indigestion, Abdominal discomfort, Purgative, <i>Seetha Pathi, Suvasakasam</i> , Dental diseases and Rectal pain
Ni- gella sa- tiva L.	Karum- cheeraka m/ Black cumin, Small fennel	Ranun- cula- ceae	Seeds	Bitter	Hot	Pun- gent	Carminative, Di- uretic, Emmena- gogue, Galacta- gogue, Anthel- mintic, Sto- machic, Parasiti- cide, Emollient	It is used for <i>Mandai karap-pan</i> , Wounds, Sinusitis, Body heat, Head pain, Eye diseases, <i>Sirangu</i> , Abdominal discomfort, Peptic ulcer, Chest pain, Cough, Vomiting, Nausea, Swelling and jaundice.
Cro- ton tig- lium L.	Ner- valam/ Purgative croton	Euphor- biaceae	Seeds	Bitter	Hot	Pun- gent	Purgative, Stimulant, Rubefacient	It is used for chronic constipa- tion, Rectal and bdominal dis- eases, <i>Vatha</i> diseases, <i>Visama</i> sanni paatham and Body pain

Above six ingredients have hot potency and Pungent efficacy. In Siddha, these ingredients were used in many disease conditions.

Table 2: Description of Minerals of Agathiyar Kuzhambu [6]

Scientific Name of	Tamil Name /	Pharmacological action	Medicinal uses
Minerals	English Name	_	
Mercury quicksilver	Rasam / Mer-	Tonic, Alternative, Nutrient,	Purify the blood, increase blood and semen,
	cury/ Hydrargy-	Laxative, anti-bilious, Siala-	Appetizer, Antiseptic, improve concentra-
	rum	gogue, Diuretic, Deobstruent,	tion, Nervine tonic, relax the mind, Delay
		Antiseptic	aging
Sodium chloride im-	Inthuppu / Rock	Laxative, Purgative, Carmina-	It is used for 8 types of Gunmam, Alasam,
pure	Salt	tive, Diuretic, Appetizer	Asirkkaram, Kapha piththam, Kaphaathik-
Or			kam, Narambukiranthi, Constipation, Poi-
Sodii chloridum im-			son and kapha upsthamsam. It gives relief
pura			from thirst, Nethira kaasam, Bleeding piles
			and Toxic bites.
Sodium biborate, So-	Venkaram /	Refrigerant, Antiseptic, Lithon-	It is used to treat psoriasis, 8 types of Gun-
dium Bi Boras	Sodii boras, Bo-	triptic, Diuretic, Emmenagogue,	mam, Bleeding piles, Urinary tract infec-
	rax	Astringent, Sedative	tion, Kaphathikkam, Dental diseases, Toxic
			bites and Sanni paatham.
Arsenic disulphidum	Manosilai / Red	Alterative, Tonic, Febrifuge	It gives relief from Saruma kuttam, Chills
bisulpuret of arsenic	orpiment		with fever, Bronchial asthma, Silanthi
realgar	&		vidam, Kaasam, Kapha diseases, Eye dis-
&	Aritharam / Yel-		eases and Urinary tract infections.
Trisulphate of arsenic	low orpiment		

In Siddha, these ingredients were used in many disease conditions.

Table 3: Pharmacological action of raw material of Agathiyar Kuzhambu

Pharmacological activity	Ferula asa-	Brassica	Aconitum	Trachyspermum	Nigella	Croton tig-
	foetida	nigra (L.)	ferox Wall. ex	ammi (L.) Sprague	sativa L.	lium L.
	H.Karst [7]	K.Koch [8]	Ser. [9][10]	[11][12]	[13]	[14][15]
Antioxidant	*	*	-	*	*	*
Antimicrobial	*	-	-	*	*	*
Antiviral	*	-	-	-	-	-
Antifungal	*	-	-	*	*	-
Anticarcinogenic	*	-	-	-	*	-
Anticancer	*	-	-	-	*	
Anticytotoxicity	*	-	-	*	-	-
Anthelmintic	*	*	-	*	-	-
Antagonistic effect	*	-	-	-	-	-
Antidiabetic	*	*	-	-	*	
Antispasmodic	*	-	-	*	-	-
Antihypertensive	*	-	-	*	*	-
Anti-lithiasis	-	-	-	*	-	-
Anti-filarial	-	-	-	*	-	-
Anti- pyretic	-	-	*	-	-	-
Anti-inflammatory	-	*	-	-	*	*

Anti-tumor activity	-	_	-	-	-	*
Anti-HIV activity	-	-	-	-	-	*
Analgesic	-	-	*	-	*	*
Antinociceptive effect	-	_	-	-	-	*
Hypolipidemic	-	_	-	*	-	-
Antiparasitic Effects	-	_	-	*	-	-
Molluscicidal	*	-	-	-	-	*
Nematicidal	-	-	-	*	-	-
Relaxant	*	-	-	-	-	-
Neuroprotective	*	-	-	-	*	-
Broncho-dilating actions	-	_	-	*	-	-
Diuretic	-	-	-	*	-	-
Immunomodulatory ac-	-	-	-	-	*	-
tivity						
Cardiovascular activity	-	*	-	*	*	-
Gastro-protective activity	-		-	*	*	_
Hepato-protective activ-	*	*	-	*	*	-
ity						
Nephroprotective activity	-	*	-	-	*	-
Pulmonary protective	-	*	-	-	*	-
Anti-asthmatic activity	-	-	-	-	*	-

Above six ingredients have many pharmacological actions. Commonly, these ingredients are possessed antioxidant, anti-microbial, hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory, anti-fungal, anthelmintic, anti-diabetic and anti-hypertensive activity.

DISCUSSION

Purgatives either provide semisolid stool or lead to watery evacuation. Purgative drugs are classified into 4: Bulk forming, Stool softener, Stimulant purgative and Osmotic purgative. Stimulant purgatives are stimulating peristalsis by irritant action on intestinal mucosa and also stimulate colonic electrolytes and fluid secretion by altering absorptive and secretory activity of mucosal cells. Osmotic purgatives are soluble inorganic salts, that increases the faecal bulk by retaining water osmotically and distend the bowel increasing peristalsis indirectly. It is an act on small as well as large intestine. A.k contains 11 ingredients; 6 herbal ingredients: Ferula asafoetida, Brassica nigra, Aconitum ferox, Trachyspermum ammi, Nigella sativa and Croton tiglium. All above six ingredients have hot potency and Pungent efficacy. These have many pharmacological actions.

Commonly, these ingredients are possessed antioxidant, anti-microbial, hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory, anti-fungal, anthelmintic, anti-diabetic and anti-hypertensive activity. In Siddha, these ingredients were used in many disease conditions.

One of the studies said that crotonoleic acid in the ethanol extract of croton seeds possessed significant purgative effect in experimental animals. Crotonoleic acid which is a mixture of croton resin with inactive fatty acids may act as a powerful irritant to the intestinal mucosa and thereby causing enteropooling effect. In vitro studies using the extract showed the presence of muscarnic activity. Hence it can be presumed that the stimulation of the gut cause by the extract may partly be due to the activation of muscarnic receptors present. However, the present findings may be of support to the use of Croton tiglium as a purgative in traditional medicine. [20]

5 minerals and metals are used. In Siddha, these ingredients were used in many disease conditions. Lots of adjuvants of A.k have hot potency and pungent efficacy. Some of adjuvants have cool potency and sweet

efficacy. In Siddha, these adjuvants were used in many disease conditions.

Rock salt: It may be act as an osmotic purgative. Stimulant purgatives can lead to purgation resulting in fluid and electrolyte imbalance and hypokalemia. It is neutralized by buttermilk with rice.

CONCLUSION

According to the above study, Agathiyar kuzhambu may be act as stimulant and osmotic purgative at the same time it can be used as a treatment aspect of many diseases. This study gives documentary evidence of Agathiyar kuzhambu as a purgative & possess many pharmacological activities in Siddha medicine.

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Source of Support: Nil Conflict of Interest: None Declared

How to cite this URL: Rakulini Raveendran et al: Agathiyar Kuzhambu (Herbo-Mineral Siddha Formulation). International Ayurvedic Medical Journal {online} 2021 {cited April, 2021} Available from:

http://www.iamj.in/posts/images/upload/869_875.pdf