## A Review on Different Types of *Thaalisapaththiri chooranam* which are Mentioned in the Indigenous Medical Literature

\*Hasim Nisra, Musthafa Mufaza, Kalaichelvi Sounthararajan Unit of Siddha Medicine, University of Jaffna, Srilanka nisra5726@gmail.com

Thalisapaththiri chooranam is a poly herbal formulation. It has been mentioned in traditional text books. The different ingredients of the Thalisapaththiri chooranam are mentioned in 8 text books. Therefore, preliminary step was to develop the documentary evidences about the *Thalisapaththiri* chooranam. Analyzing the relationships Thalisapaththiri chooranam mentioned among this books. Data for the review about Thalisapaththiri chooranam is collected from October to December 2019. The data collected for the review were the details of ingredients (number of ingredients in each book, common ingredients, and groups of the ingredients); dosage of the drug (Alavu); duration of medication (kalam); vehicle (Anupanam); curable diseases; purification method; process of drug preparation and diet of drug (*Paththiyam*). Number of ingredients in each books 40(74%) were in Ayurvedha laha and 39(72%) in Yalpana Siddha Thirattu. Common ingredients Vaithiya Ayurvedha 8(100%) Thalisapaththiri, karambu, kadukkay, thandrikkay, seeraham and thippili 7(88%) were ilavangappattai, nellikkai, kostem. Among the 55 ingredients of the *Thalisapaththiri chooranam* 51 (93%) were herbal materials, 3(5%) minerals and 1(2%) animal product. Five 5(62.5%) mentioned the dosage of verukadi, 4(50%) take medicine at two times (duration), and 2(25%) were with honey or ginger juice or pomegranate juice as anupanam. Based on curable diseases 5(63%) were found in kasam, piththvettai, asthisuram, thaham and kaikalerivu; Number of curable diseases 23(47%) were identified in Yalpana Siddha Vaithiya Ayurvedha thirattu. Based on purification, ginger 2(25%) and veeram 1(12.5%); process of preparation methods 5(62.5%) were used demolition after drying in the sun. Diet of drugs 2(25%) were lemon and chick pea in food to be add and 4(50%) tamarind in food to be avoid. This review provides useful documentary evidence about collective data of Thalisapathithiri chooranam. However there is a need for further review.

**Key Words:** *Thalisapaththiri chooranam*, ingredients, relationship, curable diseases, dosage